

## COURSE OUTLINE

### 1. GENERAL

<b>SCHOOL</b>	APPLIED BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY		
<b>ACADEMIC UNIT</b>	BIOTECHNOLOGY		
<b>LEVEL OF STUDIES</b>	<i>Undergraduate</i>		
<b>COURSE CODE</b>	3050	<b>SEMESTER</b>	<b>8th</b>
<b>COURSE TITLE</b>	GENETICS OF MODEL ORGANISMS		
<b>INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES</b> <i>if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits</i>	<b>WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS</b>	<b>CREDITS</b>	
Lectures	3	1.56	
Laboratory exercises	2	0.72	
Group or individual laboratory projects		0.72	
Independent study		2.00	
<i>Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (4).</i>	<b>TOTAL:</b>	<b>5</b>	
<b>COURSE TYPE</b> <i>general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development</i>	Special background		
<b>PREREQUISITE COURSES:</b>	No		
<b>LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS :</b>	Greek		
<b>IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS</b>	Yes		
<b>COURSE WEBSITE (URL)</b>	e-class <a href="https://mediasrv.aua.gr/eclass/modules/auth/opencourses.php?fc=37">https://mediasrv.aua.gr/eclass/modules/auth/opencourses.php?fc=37</a>		

### 2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

*The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.*

*Consult Appendix A*

- *Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area*
- *Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B*
- *Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes*

The course delves into concepts of Genetics in Model Organisms.

This course aims to introduce students to Model Organisms in terms of their contribution in Genetics and in experimental research.

It also refers to the genome, life cycle, advantages, genetic studies and applications of Model Organisms.

Finally, the aim of the course is to help students understand the methodology of accessing Genetic problems using suitable Model Organisms.

Laboratory exercises aim to deepen the understanding of the concepts and applications presented in the theory.

After successfully completing this course, students will:

- have acquired knowledge on the Genetics of Model Organisms and their importance to

research. Specifically, students learn about the following organisms: *E.coli*, *S.cerevisiae* – study of the cell cycle, *C. elegans* – study of apoptosis, *D. melanogaster* – study of body plan development, *M. musculus* – generation and functional analysis of transgenic animals, *D. rerio* – cardiac valve development and tissue regeneration, *A. thaliana* – study of development and hormonal control systems, *T. thermophila* – study of telomeres and telomerase, planaria - study of tissue regeneration.

- have acquired competencies in the techniques of Genetic analysis and genetic manipulation in Model Organisms. Techniques include: mutagenesis, genetic selection and screening, horizontal DNA transfer, production of transgenic animals / plants, study of development, laboratory models of human disease.
- have become familiar with the new techniques that now facilitate the consolidation of new organisms as laboratory models.
- have acquired knowledge on the process of sequencing a genome, and the contribution of bioinformatics to the functional analysis of the genome.
- have developed their ability to access Genetics problems
- be able to propose appropriate organisms models for the study of specific biological processes and human diseases.
- have become familiar with the use of online tools such as: Genome data viewer to analyze chromosomes, genes and compare genomes; the OMIM database to find information about phenotypes, alleles and heredity; Primer3 and PrimerBLAST for PCR primer design; CHOP-CHOP for proper design and selection of pair sgRNAs for targeted gene knockout using CrispR/Cs9 system; Zotero for the management of bibliography/references.
- have developed the ability to critically read a scientific publication.

#### General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making

Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Project planning and management

Respect for differences and multiculturalism

Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

- Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology
- Working independently
- Team work
- Working in an international environment
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment
- Production of new research ideas

### 3. SYLLABUS

- I. Introduction and history of Model Organisms
- II. From genes to genomes
- III. *Escherichia coli* (*E. coli*) as a model organism
- IV. The yeast *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* as a model organism
- V. *Caenorhabditis elegans* as a model organism
- VI. *Drosophila melanogaster* as a model organism
- VII. *Mus musculus* as a model organism: advantages and applications

- VIII. Zebrafish *Danio rerio*: advantages and applications
- IX. The plant model *Arabidopsis thaliana*: advantages and applications
- X. Beyond the classic model organisms
- XI. Lab practicals: Using the Genome data viewer online tool at NCBI for analysis of genes, chromosomes, and genome comparison. Use of the OMIM (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man) database at NCBI. Designing primers for PCR using the online tools Primer3 and primerBLAST. Design and preparation of samples for Sanger sequencing, evaluation of sequencing results. Experimental design of gene inactivation with the CRISPR / Cas9 method through appropriate online tools. Laboratory demonstration of *Drosophila*. Managing references with the bibliography tool Zotero. Critical reading of a scientific publication.

#### 4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

<p><b>DELIVERY</b> <i>Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.</i></p>	Face to face, in class													
<p><b>USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY</b> <i>Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students</i></p>	Power point presentations, instructive videos, bioinformatics skills practicals/tutorials. <b>Course material also made available to the students via the e-class platform.</b>													
<p><b>TEACHING METHODS</b> <i>The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.</i> <i>Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.</i></p> <p><i>The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study according to the principles of the ECTS</i></p>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="676 855 1011 884"><i>Activity</i></th> <th data-bbox="1016 855 1342 884"><i>Semester workload</i></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="676 891 1011 920">Lectures</td> <td data-bbox="1016 891 1342 920">39</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="676 927 1011 956">Laboratory exercises</td> <td data-bbox="1016 927 1342 956">18</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="676 963 1011 1025">Group or individual laboratory projects</td> <td data-bbox="1016 963 1342 1025">18</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="676 1032 1011 1061">Independent study</td> <td data-bbox="1016 1032 1342 1061">50</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="676 1068 1011 1173">Course total (Total contact hours and training)</td> <td data-bbox="1016 1068 1342 1173">125</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		<i>Activity</i>	<i>Semester workload</i>	Lectures	39	Laboratory exercises	18	Group or individual laboratory projects	18	Independent study	50	Course total (Total contact hours and training)	125
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<p><b>STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION</b> <i>Description of the evaluation procedure</i></p> <p><i>Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other</i></p> <p><i>Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.</i></p>	<p>Theory:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Written Examination: Including multiple choice and short answer questions. (50% of final grade)</li> </ul> <p>Practicals:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Written Examination: Including multiple choice, short answer questions, and problem solving. (35% of final grade)</li> <li>• Weekly graded laboratory projects. (15% of final grade)</li> </ul>													

#### 5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

-Suggested bibliography :

-Relevant scientific journals:

Genetics: From genes to genomes. Fourth Edition. Hartwell Leland, Hood Leroy, Goldberg Michael, Reynolds Ann, Silver Lee. McGrawHill Education.