COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	APPLIED BIOLOGY AND BIOTECHNOLOGY				
DEPARTMENT	BIOTECHNOLOGY				
STUDY LEVEL	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	159	SEMESTER 4 th			
COURSE TITLE	THE PHYSIOLOGICAL BASES OF FARM ANIMAL GROWTH				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS CRE		CREDITS
Lectures			2		1,04
Laboratory exercises			2		1,04
Independent study					0,92
TOTAL					3,00
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Special back	ground			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in English)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://mediasrv.aua.gr/eclass/courses/EZPY199/				

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

LEARNING OUTCOMES

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications
 Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course "THE PHYSIOLOGICAL BASES OF FARM ANIMAL GROWTH" aims to familiarize students, in theoretical and practical level, with the contemporary physiological aspects applied in mechanisms of productive animal growth.

- In particular, lectures and practice focus on the understanding of:
- 1. Physiological mechanisms of lipogenesis and lipolysis in the adipose tissue of productive animals
- 2. Quantitative and molecular study of enzymes and hormones implying in the adipose tissue metabolism
- 3. The factors that influence carcass and meat production in ruminants.
 - The characteristics of the most common breeds of cow, sheep and goat with the intention of their evaluation through the appropriate breeding systems.
 - The factors that influence the conception rate, the duration of gestation and parturition but also the factors used for the estimation of the reproductive potential (prolificacy rate, viability rate, profitability rate).

The factors that affect the process of milk production, the growth of mammary gland and the development of lactation in ruminants.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently

Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for differences and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

- Individual and group work
- Producing new research ideas
- Promotion of free, creative and inductive thinking

3. COURSE CONTENT

Body growth: Basics, Estimation of growth. Muscle tissue and adipose tissue, myogenesis, texture, growth and affecting factors on bones, muscle and adipose tissue growth and protein metabolism. Body composition. Affecting factors and methods of estimation on live animals and carcasses. Fattening efficiency, growth rate, feed conversion. Meat quality. Chemical composition, Physical, chemical and organoleptic characteristics. Problems on meat quality. Modifications of growth by exogenous hormones.

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

TEACHING METHOD In classroom, face to face, in laboratory and in the field. Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc. **USE OF INFORMATICS and** PowerPoint and video presentations. Communication **COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES** with students via e-mail. Teaching support through access Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, to the e-class platform, to on-line databases etc. communication with students Composton wouldoad (bus) **TEACHING ORGANISATION** The manner and methods of teaching are

described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,

fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,

The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of nondirected study according to the principles of the

Activity	Semester workload (nrs)
Lectures	26
Laboratory exercises	26
Independent study	23
Course total	
(25 hours of student work	<i>75</i>
load per ECTS)	

STUDENT EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Lanauaae of evaluation. methods evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice auestionnaires, short-answer auestions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical

The evaluation on the course's theory consists

1. final written examination on the course's theory

(100%), consisting

- I. Evaluation of elements of the course's theory
- II. Short-answer questions

examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

- III. Multiple choice questions
- 2. Personal written essay and its presentation

The evaluation on the course's laboratory practice is determined by the final written examination (100%) consists of:

- I. Evaluation of elements of the course's laboratory practice
- II. Short-answer questions
- III. Multiple choice questions

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

-Suggested bibliography :

- 1) Meat Science.
- 2) Journal of Animal Science ($\pi\chi$ F. N. Owens et al, (1993), Factors that alter the growth and development of ruminants, J. Anim. Sci. 71, 3138-3150).
- 3) Journal of Animal Physiology and Nutrition ($\pi\chi$ Y. A. Attia et al (2014), Growth performance, carcass quality, biochemical and haematological traits and immune response of growing rabbits as affected by different growth promoters, J. Anim. Phys. and Nutr. 98 (1) 128-139).