COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	FOOD AND NUTRITIONAL SCIENCES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	FOOD SCIENCE AND HUMAN NUTRITION				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	3560		SEMESTER	6 th	
COURSE TITLE	QUANTITATIVE FOOD MICROBIOLOGY				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI	NG ACTIVITI	ES			
if credits are awarded for separate co	for separate components of the course, e.g.		WEEKLY		
lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If	the credits are awarded for		TEACHING	G CREDIT	S
the whole of the course, give the we					
	total credits		-		
Lectures and Laboratory Courses		atory Courses	5	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of methods used are described in detail at (d,		he teaching			
COURSE TYPE	- 				
general background,	Science had	-kground cours	۵		
special background, specialised	Science background course				
general knowledge, skills					
development					
development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Food Micro	biology, Food I	Biochemistry		
			,		
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION					
and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	No				
ERASMUS STUDENTS					
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	http://fst.a	ua.gr/en/node,	/127		

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course learning outcomes aim at:

- acquiring the knowledge and developing basic skills and critical thinking concerning the concept of qualitative and quantitative determination of food spoilage in terms of specific spoilage organisms, physiological characteristics, metabolic pathways, types of spoilage of major food categories (fresh meat, fish, fruits and vegetables)
- the acquisition of competencies in the field of microbial ecology in food ecosystems aa well as the cell to cell communication (quorum sensing) and development of biofilm communities with focus on food safety and quality
- the development of their ability to access the potential of foodborne illness caused by major pathogenic bacteria (Listeria spp., Salmonella spp., Staphylococcus spp., Escherichia spp., etc)

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and	Project planning and management
information, with the use of the necessary	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
technology	Respect for the natural environment
Adapting to new situations	Showing social, professional and ethical
Decision-making	responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues
Working independently	Criticism and self-criticism
Team work	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment	
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	Others
Production of new research ideas	

- Make decisions
- Work independently
- Development of new research ideas
- Be critical and self-critical
- Advance free, creative and causative thinking

(3) SYLLABUS

- Ephemeral spoilage microorganisms-Chemical Indices of spoilage.
- Microbiological quality and safety indices
- o Quantitative assessment of food safety and quality
- Quantitative assessment of spoilage of fresh meat and meat products.
- Quantitative assessment of spoilage of fresh fish.
- Quantitative assessment of spoilage of fresh fruits and vegetables.

- Principles of cell to cell communication (Quorum sensing).
- Bacterial agents of foodborne illness.
- Assessment of microbial inhibition originated from plant, animal and microbial sources
- Biofilms; quantification of Formation and control, mode of action, implications on food safety.
- Impact of biofilms in food safety and quality
- Implementation of rapid and non-invasive techniques in quantitative assessment of food safety and quality.
- Quantitative determination of kinetic parameters of microbial growth/survival.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Lectures		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Power point presentations. Student communication via e-mail. On-line access to food microbiology databases (e.g., <u>www.combase.com</u>)		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are	Lectures	40	
described in detail.	Laboratory work	30	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of	Case study (short-term	40	
bibliography, tutorials, placements,	laboratory project)		
clinical practice, art workshop, interactive	Written assignment	15	
teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.			
The student's study hours for each			
learning activity are given as well as the			
hours of non-directed study according to			
the principles of the ECTS	Course total	125	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE			
EVALUATION	1. Written Examination (60%		
Description of the evaluation procedure	2. Written assignment (team work) (40%)		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short- answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	 3. Laboratory examination (written test) (30%) 4. Laboratory project (team work) (70%) 		

examination of patient, art interpretation, other	
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

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- o Balatsouras, G.M. (2006) Food Microbiology, Embryo Publications, Athens
- Adams & Moss (2000) Food Microbiology, RSC
- o Nychas, G.J.E. Lectures in Food Microbiology, University notes