COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENVIRONMENT AND AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING				
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT AND AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Postgraduate				
COURSE CODE	630301 SEMESTER 20				
COURSE TITLE	Processing Vector and Raster Data – Spatial Modeling				
INDEPENDENT TEACHI if credits are awarded for separate co lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the whole of the course, give the weekly t credits	INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES s are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the f the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits			3	CREDITS
	Lectures and Practice		5		
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	General kno	wledge, Scienti	fic Area, Skills	dev	elopment
general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:					
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Yes (in English)				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)					

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described. Consult Appendix A • Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area

• Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B

• Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is a continuation of the first semester postgraduate course "Geographic Information Systems" in the sense that it will develop theories whose application in GIS environments includes quite advanced processing of vector and raster data. Specifically, the following will be developed: multicriteria methods for processing spatial data, neural networks, fuzzy logic, logistic regression models, landscape metrics. For each theoretical unit, there will be corresponding material for performing practical exercises in ArcGIS, usually with the use of other specialized software (MATLAB, R, FragStats, ...).

For each theoretical unit, one published scientific paper from the international bibliography is given, which will have as its main analysis method the specific unit. A total of five papers are given and five groups of students are created, each of which takes on the presentation of one of these 5 papers in PowerPoint.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information with the use of the necessary technology	Project planning and management		
information, with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism		
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment		
Decision-making	Chausing against professional and othing propossibility and		
Working independently	snowing social, professional and edited responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues		
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism		
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking		
Working in an interdisciplinary environment			
Production of new research ideas	Others		

• Search, analysis, and synthesis of spatial data and information, using the necessary technologies.

- Solving problems with a spatial dimension.
- Adaptation to new situations.
- Independent work.

3. SYLLABUS

- Processing and analysis of vector data
- Processing and analysis of raster data
- Spatial modeling

• Landscape metrics

• Logistic regression

• Fuzzy logic

• Multicriteria methods for processing spatial data (AHP, OWA, FLOWA)

• Neural networks

4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In classroom and in laboratory (face-to-face)				
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.					
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Exploitation of Information and Communication				
COMMUNICATIONS	Technologies in teaching, in laboratory training and in				
TECHNOLOCY	communication with students				
Use of ICT in teaching laboratory education	Use of dedicated software				
communication with students	Use of integrated e-learning system				
communication with stadents	Communication with students via onen eclass platform and				
		via open celuss platform and			
	e-mail.				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload			
	Lectures	20 hours			
The manner and methods of teaching are	Laboratory work	40 hours			
described in detail.	interactive teaching	25 hours			
Locturos sominars laboratoru practico	Projects and presentations	40 hours			
fieldwork study and analysis of hibliography					
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art					
workshop, interactive teaching, educational					
visits, project, essay writing, artistic					
creativity, etc.					
		105			
	Course total	125			
The student's study hours for each learning					
activity are given as well as the hours of non-					
directed study according to the principles of					
the ECTS					
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	I. Theory				
EVALUATION	Final Exam, written or ora	al, of increasing difficulty,			
	which may include Multiple	e choice test, Questions of			
Description of the evaluation procedure	brief answer, Questions to	develop a topic, Judgment			
	questions and Exercise solv	ing.			
	Assuming feasibility. Progr	ess exams will take place			
Language of evaluation, methods of	during the semester whose	marking will contribute to			
evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple	the determination of the fir	al Theory mark			
choice questionnaires, short-answer	Marking Scale: 0-10.				
questions, open-ended questions, problem					
souving, written work, essay/report, oral	Minimum Passing Mark: 5.				
work clinical examination of patient art					
interpretation, other	II. Laboratory				
• *					

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are	Final Exam, hands on computer, of the software tools taught.
given, and if and where they are accessible to	Marking Scale: 0-10.
students.	Minimum Passing Mark: 5.
	The final Course mark is the average of the marks on Theory and Lab.

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

Proposed literature:

- 1. KEITH C. CLARK, *GETTING STARTED WITH GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS, 5TH EDITION*, PEARSON, 2011.
- 2. KOLLIA V., KALIVAS D, TRIAKONSTANTIS D, GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS, EMVRIO PUB., ATHENS.
- 3. <u>http://www.esri.com/what-is-gis</u>
- 4. <u>http://www.qgis.org/</u>
- 5. <u>http://grass.osgeo.org/</u>

-Related scientific journals

- 1. Journal of Geographic Information System (JGIS)
- 2. Cartography and Geographic Information Science.
- GIS and Remote Sensing Journal