COURSE OUTLINE

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Environment and Agricultural Engineering			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Natural Resources & Agricultural Engineering			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	177			
COURSE TITLE	Soil Fertility - Fertilizers			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
<u> </u>	Lectures and practicals		3+2	5
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of tea used are described in detail at (d). COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	-	ground, Specialise	ed general know	vledge
T NEREQUISITE COURSES.	Soil Chemistry 1565			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	NO			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://oeclass.aua.gr/eclass/courses/AFPGM145/			

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The course is an extensive introduction to the concepts and theory of the fertility of soil ecosystems with the addition of basic concepts related to Fertilizers, their production and their applications. It draws the main elements from two six-month courses "Soil Fertility" and "Fertilizer and their applications" (mainly from the first course, which is practically a prerequisite for understanding the second) but does not replace them in extent and depth of discussion.

The course material aims to introduce students to the basic concepts of soil fertility and to connect these concepts with the effective sustainable management of soil ecosystems. In addition, students gain a general overview of fertilizer categories and soil fertility management through fertilizers.

The student acquires the ability to critically understand the biotic and abiotic factors that determine the fertility of a terrestrial ecosystem and to plan improvement/management measures.

Finally, the student integrates the specific knowledge into a broader framework of management and protection of natural and agricultural ecosystems.

Upon successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:Understands the main biotic and abiotic factors that determine/affect soil fertility

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information,	Project planning and management
with the use of the necessary technology	Respect for difference and multiculturalism
Adapting to new situations	Respect for the natural environment
Decision-making	Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity
Working independently	to gender issues
Team work	Criticism and self-criticism
Working in an international environment	Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an interdisciplinary environment	
Production of new research ideas	Others

Working independently Team-work Project planning and management Decision making Production of constructive and inductive thinking

3. SYLLABUS

Nutrients in soil (macro/trace elements, origin, transformations and cycles). Availability of nutrients (biotic and abiotic factors that affect it, plant uptake mechanisms). Key-soil microorganisms and fertility (nitrification, denitrification, nitrogen fixation,

mycorrhizae, thiobacilli).

Degradation of organic materials and soil fertility

Agricultural and natural ecosystems and soil fertility.

Soil nutrient recycling and sustainability.

Recycling of agro- industrial, livestock and municipal waste and by-products in soil and sustainability.

Relationships between nutrient availability and plant growth/yield

Introductory concepts for fertilizers

Basic categories of fertilizers

Fertilizer uses and regulatory framework



4. TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	In the lecture room and labs – additional remote			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.				
	support			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Specialized teaching/presentation software			
COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	Support Learning process through			
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	e-class electronic platform			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork,	Standard Lectures	36		
	Practical Exercises that	26		
study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop,	focus on			
interactive teaching, educational visits, project,	implementation of methodologies			
essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Teamwork study or	20		
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study	Small			
according to the principles of the ECTS	individual tasks			
	for each student			
	Indonondont Study	43		
	Independent Study Total Course	125		
	(25 hours of workload	125		
	per credit unit)			
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Written final exam that includes			
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure	combinations:			
	- Multiple choice questions - Scenario analysis			
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice				
questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-	- Solving problems relate	lated to quantitative		
ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public	data	1 .		
presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other	- Benchmarking of theory elements			
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.				

5. ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

N.C Brady and R.R. Weil, 2011. Εδαφολογία, η φύση και οι ιδιότητες των εδαφών. 14th edition, απόδοση στα ελληνικά, εκδ. Εμβρυο κεφάλαια 8 (υποδομής), 12, 13, 14, 15 και 16

JL Halvin, SL Tisdale, JD Beaton & WL Nelson Soil Fertility and Fertilizers 8th Edition, Pearson 2014

- Related academic journals: